**1.** Describe the political theory of Plato and Aristotle ?

Plato and Aristotle both are Greek philosopher. Both has different theories about the governance. Both of them said Democracy is not an ideal theory and give their own theories instead. Plato named as theory as “The Republic. “ Aristotle criticized the republic theory and adjust some aristocratic principals and make his own theory in politics.

Here I will describe the two theories in my words,

**The Republic and the Politics:**

Plato believes that the Plato believes that the philosopher-kings should orderthe life of the polis in accordance with a vision of the good that their superior intellect allows them to perceive. He thinks they are selfless and wise. They can take the best decision to make the society ideal. This is one kind of privilege class theory. That represents only one class of people who are only have the power in a society. He disagree with the democratic society. Because he think they don’t have the enough knowledge and practice to take a wise decision for the society that is good for all class. And only philosopher have the knowledge and work for this sector for lifetime. It sounds idealism and grouping theory.

And the Aristotle’s aristocratic theory stands for human empowerment and leadership of all class of people who has knowledge. This kind of leadership is best served by the middle class people. He defined the middle class as the people who live in between the poor and rich. Have the idea about the working class people and the upper class wealthy people. This class can make a decision that can make all citizens happy who are in a society.

**2.** **between these two theories of aristotle and plato which one do you find more logical and why?**

After observing between the Plato and Aristotle theories I prefer Aristotle’s aristocratic theory. I think Aristotle theory is more logical.

If we think about the republic theory in depth we will find that according to Plato the philosophers are the wisest and virtuous and selfless. They should rule as a king. He classified the whole society into three classes. 1. Producers or Workers who make the goods and services in the society as a labor. 2. Guardians/Soldiers who keep order in the society and protect it from outsider enemies. And 3.Philosopher who are the most intelligent, rational, self-controlled. They are only well suited to make decisions for the community, and can promote the interests of the society as a whole. I think it is creating privilege for one class of people. In this theory only philosophers get the opportunity to know about all powerful resources. I think its injustice for the other two classes he made .As a result one class will remain in power for lifetime. They can practice the norms and rules of society and other two classes have to obey this. Because they don’t have the knowledge and don’t have the right to seek the knowledge also. On the other hand if we look at the Aristotle theory it has more equality among every class of society. Although his own political views were influenced by his teacher Plato, he critics the republic theory and make it a different one. From his point of view republic theory is impractical and neglect the individual happiness in a society. He thinks every citizen who live in a society have the right to use all the resources of the society .he has the right to get an equal education as the philosophers. He also classified the society into three classes. These are rich, middle and poor. But according to him the middle class people are more likely capable to control a society. Because they are accordingly less apt than the rich or poor to act unjustly toward their fellow citizens.  As they stands between the rich and the poor so we can say they also live between the extremes of the Oligarchy (rule by the rich) and also the Democracy (rule by the poor).  So they are the best evident in a society to represent what should to done or what not. Although he did not support democracy more following Plato. But his motivate is to create a balance in society. And make all people happy who are belong in a society. But does not matter what class he belongs to.

So in my opinion the Aristotle’s theory is more logical and acceptable to build an ideal society.